

Họ, tên thí sinh:

Mã đề thi 415

Số báo danh:

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1: A. chicken B. chorus C. children D. chairman

Question 2: A. cold B. post C. home D. sport

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions.

Question 3: A. important B. terrific C. exciteing D. confident

Question 4: A. require B. connect C. follow D. arrive

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 5: Hong and Mike are in the school canteen.

- Hong: "_____?"

- Mike: "Here you are."

A. Can you sit here

B. Can you speak Japanese, please

C. Can you pass the salt, please

D. Can you play basketball

Question 6: Peter and Khanh are talking about learning foreign languages.

- Peter: "I think students should learn two foreign languages when they are at school."

- Khanh: "_____. It helps them communicate with more people and broaden their minds."

A. I don't think it's a good idea

B. I quite disagree with you

C. That's not a good idea

D. I quite agree with you

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 7: The journalist is talking about having a new _____ published in the local newspaper next week.

A. documentary

B. cartoon

C. article

D. editor

Question 8: Her parents are working on the farm, _____?

A. don't they

B. aren't they

C. do they

D. are they

Question 9: The man _____ home when his car broke down.

A. is driving

B. drives

C. has driven

D. was driving

Question 10: She promised _____ to my birthday party, but she didn't.

A. come

B. to coming

C. coming

D. to come

Question 11: _____ a job in a small company, he turned it down and kept on applying for a more suitable one.

A. Having offered

B. Offered

C. To offer

D. Offering

Question 12: It's not difficult _____ her to go to work because the office is near her home.

A. for

B. on

C. to

D. towards

Question 13: Before you decide to purchase that car, it is crucial that you should look into it carefully. It's unwise to buy a pig _____.

A. in a poke

B. in a rack

C. in a roll

D. in a pack

Question 14: Although the students in my class have been learning English for three months, they can _____ confidently with foreigners.

A. communicative

B. communication

C. communicate

D. communicatively

Question 15: The Youth International Conference _____ by a lot of young people from around the world.

A. attends

B. was attending

C. attended

D. was attended

Question 16: The foreign teacher was speaking so fast. Nga couldn't _____ the main contents of his lesson.

A. call for

B. make up

C. go on

D. note down

Question 17: Binh is 1.80 meters tall, and Linh is 1.65 meters tall. Binh is _____ Linh.

A. taller than

B. older than

C. shorter than

D. younger than

Question 18: It is uncommon for the director to _____ power to his finance manager to make financial decisions for the company.

A. delegate

B. authorise

C. navigate

D. stimulate

Question 19: We have travelled to almost every tourist attraction in _____ Africa.

- A. an B. a C. the D. Ø (no article)

Question 20: We will inform you _____.

- A. as soon as we had had the interview result B. as soon as we have the interview result
C. as soon as we were having the interview result D. as soon as we had the interview result

Question 21: Nam is trying to break the _____ of staying up too late.

- A. habit B. race C. sound D. option

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: I think should apologise to Mary. What you commented on her new hairstyle yesterday was really below the belt.

- A. cruel and kind B. fair and kind C. fair and unkind D. fair and cruel

Question 23: He had some business to do in a foreign country, but his company denied responsibility to pay for his expenses.

- A. avoided B. accepted C. neglected D. refused

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.

Question 24: My uncle dreams of having a new house, so he plans to save up for it.

- A. moves B. leaves C. intends D. quits

Question 25: Returning home after the earthquake, Simon saw that his house was extremely chaotic.

- A. neat B. messy C. tidy D. organised

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

Getting work experience is a good way for young people who are still at school to see whether they would enjoy a particular career. Future employers like to know about their work experience (26) _____ they think is important for them in the process of recruiting employees. And young people get the chance to consider (27) _____ possibilities for a future career with working professionals. In addition, they will find these professionals' advice specially helpful thinking about the different choices they will have to (28) _____.

Work experience often involves uncomfortable situations, (29) _____ people who in such situations can learn how to behave appropriately in front of clients and how to respond to things in the workplace. Appearance is also important and they need to dress suitably whether they are going for a job as an engineer or an IT specialist, or a job which is perhaps less technical but equally (30) _____, such as a medical doctor or a teacher.

(Adapted from *Complete First for Schools*)

Question 26: A. where B. when C. who D. which

Question 27: A. each B. one C. many D. none

Question 28: A. fill B. make C. do D. build

Question 29: A. either B. nor C. for D. but

Question 30: A. understanding B. confusing C. demanding D. commanding

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 31 to 35.

Device-centred communication has become almost universal over the past twenty years. More than three quarters of people in the world now own a mobile device, and more than half communicate via social networking.

It is now hard to imagine a world without mobile devices consisting of such things as mobile phones, laptops and tablets. They allow us to stay in touch with a large network of friends, no matter where they are. But many experts say that communicating with a device is nothing like talking with someone in person. "Body language, eye contact and tone of voice can tell us so much," psychologist Mary Peters says. "And none of those exist on a device. Even video chat removes many subtle clues."

We don't know to what extent these technologies will permanently change the way people interact. People will always want to meet up with others in small and large groups. Indeed, it is fair to say that social media makes it easier than ever before for people to organise social events. However, there is still a danger that Device-centred communication may have a negative long-term impact on the way people interact with each other on a day-to-day basis.

We must not, therefore, lose sight of the need to focus on the actual people around us, and remember that they deserve our real – not virtual – attention. The idea of a culture where people always have a screen

between them sounds a bit funny, because deep understanding comes when we see the reactions on other people's faces.

(Adapted from *Solutions*)

Question 31: The passage is mainly about _____.

- A. the impact of device-centred communication
- B. the definition of device-centred communication
- C. the development of device-centred communication
- D. the misunderstanding of device-centred communication

Question 32: The word **They** in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. mobile devices
- B. tablets
- C. mobile phones
- D. laptops

Question 33: In paragraph 2, in her statement about the advantages of communicating in person, Mary Peters mentioned all of the following EXCEPT _____.

- A. eye contact
- B. body language
- C. handshake
- D. tone of voice

Question 34: The word **meet up** in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. get away
- B. come away
- C. get together
- D. come down

Question 35: According to paragraph 4, deep understanding appears when _____.

- A. we interact with modern technology
- B. we care about our virtual friends
- C. we communicate through social networking
- D. we see the reactions on the faces of other people

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

A recent survey into how teenagers in a Southeast Asian country spend their free time has come up with what some people regard as a surprising finding: many of those surveyed reported that they would rather stay at home and do things indoors than go out and experience real-life adventures. One in four teenagers surveyed believed that online experiences were as **fulfilling** as real life, and more than half were actually afraid of trying new experiences. When asked about their most memorable experience over the previous ten months, nearly 30% of boys said 'playing a new video game', while 10% of all teenagers said it was watching a new TV series. On asking for more detailed information, researchers found that 20% of boys and 22% of girls said they had never had real-life adventure.

It would be easy to blame technological **advances** for these findings. After all, today's teenagers have many more indoor activities to choose from than did their parents. About half a century ago children were expected to spend more of their free time outside. But researchers do not put the blame wholly on technology.

To members of older generations, these findings are worrying, because it means that young people increasingly rely on virtual reality and are consequently missing out on real outdoor activities such as mountain climbing, kayaking, etc., which have always been regarded as both enjoyable and character-building. They surveyed adults said **they** thought today's youth were more protected than they had been when they were growing up. Giving examples of this protection, more than half said they would not let their teenagers to get into a taxi on their own. It is not clear whether adults believe the world is more dangerous than it used to be or whether they do not trust today's youngsters to look after themselves.

(Adapted from *Cambridge English First for Schools*)

Question 36: Which of the following can be the main idea of the passage?

- A. Thorough research on teenagers' online games and outdoor activities
- B. Fears and tensions encountered by teenagers and adults' concerns
- C. Teenagers' free-time activity preferences and adults' concerns
- D. Viewpoints on teenagers' free-time adventures and online games

Question 37: The word **fulfilling** in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. satisfying
- B. discouraging
- C. frightening
- D. devastating

Question 38: The word **advances** in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. movements
- B. developments
- C. advantages
- D. barriers

Question 39: The word **they** in paragraph 3 refers to _____.

- A. older generations
- B. surveyed adults
- C. young people
- D. outdoor activities

Question 40: According to paragraph 3, the older generations are worried about _____.

- A. the young's ignorance about virtual reality
- B. the young's reliance on virtual reality
- C. the young's preferences for outdoor activities
- D. the young's lack of indoor activities

Question 41: Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage?

- A. The majority of teenagers surveyed enjoyed real outdoor activities in their leisure time.
- B. Researchers do not put all the blame on technology for causing teenagers' lack of real-life experiences.

C. The older generations surveyed thought that today's teenagers were more protected than they had been.

D. One fourth of the surveyed teenagers believed online experiences in their free time were as pleasing as real life.

Question 42: Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

A. The majority of teenagers surveyed believed virtual reality was as interesting as the real life.

B. Many adults think that the present world is as dangerous as it used to be.

C. Many adults are doubtful about their children's ability to take care of themselves.

D. Virtual life is considered to be more and more challenging for teenagers in the present world.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 43: The gold ring was expensive. I couldn't afford to buy it.

A. If the gold ring had been cheaper, I couldn't have afforded to buy it.

B. If the gold ring had been more expensive, I could have afforded to buy it.

C. If the gold ring had been less expensive, I could have afforded to buy it.

D. If the gold ring had been cheaper, I can't have afforded to buy it.

Question 44: The boy band had just finished their first live performance. All the audiences at the theatre gave them a loud round of applause.

A. Barely had the boy band finished their first live performance when all the audiences at the theatre gave them a loud round of applause.

B. Had it not been for the boy band's first live performance, all the audiences at the theatre would have given them a loud round of applause.

C. Not until all the audiences at the theatre gave them a loud round of applause did the boy band finish their first live performance.

D. No matter when the boy band finished their first live performance did all the audiences at the theatre give them a loud round of applause.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 45: "I helped the old lady cross the road," said the teacher.

A. The teacher said she would help the old lady cross the road.

B. The teacher said she had helped the old lady cross the road.

C. The teacher said I helped the old lady cross the road.

D. The teacher said she helped the old lady cross the road.

Question 46: Mark started learning Spanish seven years ago.

A. Mark has learned Spanish for seven years.

B. Mark started learning Spanish when he was seven years old.

C. Mark has started learning Spanish since seven years.

D. Mark has learned Spanish since he was seven years old.

Question 47: Students are not allowed to bring food into the computer room.

A. Students needn't bring food into the computer room.

B. Students mustn't bring food into the computer room.

C. Student won't bring food into the computer room.

D. Students wouldn't bring food into the computer room.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 48: The man bought the old painting and then sold them to a collector at a higher price.

A

B

C

D

Question 49: Their pioneering research showed that the learning motivation of the two groups of

A

learners quite distinctive from each other, and the comparative group whose learning motivation

B

C

was stronger performed better than the control group.

D

Question 50: They give a good presentation on how to adopt a green lifestyle last week.

A

B

C

D

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